

SspDI (KasI)

REF: EG24514S

5'...G[▼]G C G C C...3'
 3'...C C G C G[▲]G...5'



Isoschizomers*: KasI

Neoschizomers*: DinI, EgeI, EheI, Mly113I, NarI, PluTI, SfoI

*Neoschizomers produce distinct ends, and isoschizomers/neoschizomers may exhibit different sensitivities to various methylation modifications.

Storage Condition

-20°C

Components

Component	Amount
SspDI (10 U/μl)	25 μl
10× CutOne® Buffer	1 ml
10× CutOne® Color Buffer	1 ml

Description

SspDI belongs to the regular restriction enzyme series and recognizes the G[▲]GCGCC sequence. Unlike the LightNing® Restriction Endonucleases, SspDI requires a longer incubation time for complete digestion of the DNA substrate. However, this enzyme can still be used with Universal Cutone reaction buffer to achieve double digestion.

SspDI shows superior activity in the universal CutOne® and CutOne® Color Buffer. CutOne® Color Buffer includes a density reagent along with red and yellow tracking dyes that allow for direct loading of the reaction mixtures on a gel. The red dye of the CutOne® Color Buffer migrates with 2.5 kb double-strand DNA fragments in a 1% agarose gel, and the yellow dye migrates with 10 bp double-strand DNA fragments in a 1% agarose gel.

Recommended Reaction Conditions

1× CutOne® Buffer;

Incubate at 37°C ;

Refer to "Protocol for DNA Digestion" for reaction setup.

Heat Inactivation

Incubation at 80°C for 20 minutes.

Definition of Activity Unit

One unit of activity refers to the amount of enzyme required to completely digest 1 μg of pBR322 in a 50 μl reaction system at 37°C for 1 hour.

Quality Control Assays




Prolonged Incubation / Star Activity Assay

Under optimal reaction temperature, incubate 10 U SspDI with 1 μg pBR322 for 16 hours. No contamination from other nucleases or non-specific substrate degradation caused by star activity was detected. Longer incubation may result in star activity.

Ligation and Recutting

Under optimal reaction temperature, digest the substrate using 10 U SspDI and recover the digested products. >95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase at 22°C. Of these ligated fragments, >95% can be recut with SspDI as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Icon Descriptions

-  The enzyme's optimum reaction temperature is 37°C .
-  Cleavage with this restriction enzyme may be blocked or impaired when the substrate DNA is methylated by the CpG methylase.
-  The enzyme can be heat inactivated at by incubation 80°C for 20 minutes.

Protocol

1. Protocol for DNA Digestion

① Combine the following components on ice in the following order:

Reagents	Volume
ddH ₂ O	up to 50 µl
10× CutOne [®] Buffer or 10× CutOne [®] Color Buffer	5 µl
DNA ^a	1 µg
SspDI (10 U/µl)	1 µl
Total	50 µl

a. DNA substrates should contain no phenol, chloroform, ethanol, EDTA, detergents, or high salt concentrations, otherwise enzyme activity will be affected;

- ② Mix gently and spin down.
- ③ Incubate at 37°C for 1~16 hour.
- ④ Optional: Inactivate the enzyme by heating at 80°C for 20 minutes, or by adsorption column or phenol/chloroform purification to terminate the reaction.

2. Notice

- ① The volume of enzyme added to the reaction mixture should not exceed 10% of the total volume to avoid star activity caused by excessive glycerol in the enzyme storage buffer.
- ② The additives (e.g., glycerol, salt) in the enzyme storage buffer are the same as the contaminants in the substrate solution (e.g., salt, EDTA, or ethanol, etc.). Therefore, the smaller the reaction volume, the stronger the digestion inhibition effect.

Number of Recognition Sites in DNA

λDNA	ΦX174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	SV40	M13mp18/19	Adeno2
1	2	4	1	1	0	1	20

Methylation Effects on Digestion

Dam	Dcm	CpG	EcoKI	EcoBI
No effect	No effect	Blocked	No effect	No effect

Activity in Different Buffers*

	CutOne [®] Buffer	Thermo Scientific FastDigest Buffer	NEB rCutSmart™ Buffer	Takara QuickCut™ Buffer
Activity	100%	<12.5%	100%	<25%

*The activity data come from the functional test described above.