

# RNase A

REF: EG20003S

### **Storage Condition**

**-20**°C

## Components

Component	EG20003S	EG20003M
RNase A	100 mg	1 g

# Description

Ribonuclease A (RNase A) is an endoribonuclease that specifically degrades single-stranded RNA at C and U residues. It cleaves the phosphodiester bond between the 5'-ribose of a nucleotide and the phosphate group attached to the 3'-ribose of an adjacent pyrimidine nucleotide. The resulting 2', 3'-cyclic phosphate is hydrolyzed to the corresponding 3'-nucleoside phosphate.

RNase A exhibits the highest activity in cleaving single-stranded RNA and demonstrates varying activities under different reaction conditions. At low salt concentrations (0~100 mM NaCl), RNase A cleaves single-stranded and double-stranded RNA as well the RNA strand in RNA-DNA hybrids. However, at NaCl concentrations of 0.3 M or higher, RNase A specifically cleaves single-stranded RNA.

# **Enzyme Activity**

≥80 Kunitz U/mg₀

## Applications

- 1. Removal of RNA during Plasmid and genomic DNA extraction.
- 2. Removal of RNA from recombinant protein preparations.
- 3. Ribonuclease protection assay. Used in conjunction with RNase T1.
- 4. RNA sequence analysis.

## **Quality Control Assays**

#### **Protein Purity**

The enzyme is ≥85% pure as determined by SDS-PAGE analysis using Coomassie Blue staining.

#### Non-specific Nuclease Activity

A 20  $\mu$ I 1× CutOne<sup>®</sup> Buffer containing 15 ng of dsDNA fragments and 10  $\mu$ g of RNase A incubated for 16 hours at 37°C results in no detectable degradation of the dsDNA fragments as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

### Function

A 10  $\mu$ I reaction containing 1  $\mu$ g of RNA and 5 ng of RNase A incubated for 1 hour at 37°C results in complete digestion as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

### Notice

1. This product does not contain DNase and can be used directly after dissolution. The recommended working concentration is 1~100  $\mu$ g/ml. The recommended storage buffer is 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4) with 50% glycerol.

2. Not inactivated by heating, reliably removed by spin column or phenol/chloroform extraction.