

# HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG)

REF: EG22906S

## **Storage Condition**

**-20**°C

### Components

Component	Amount
HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG)(1 U/µl)	500 µl

## Description

HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) is a recombinant thermosensitive uracil-DNA glycosylase (UDG) derived from coldwater fish and has undergone multiple steps of purification. Compared to regular UDG, the thermosensitive UDG exhibits higher temperature sensitivity, being active at room temperature and becoming inactive at temperatures above 50 °C. This enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of uracil bases in DNA chains. It is commonly used to eliminate aerosol contamination caused by amplification during PCR, qPCR, and RTqPCR experiment.

## **Definition of Activity Unit**

The amount of enzyme required to degrade 1  $\mu g$  of dsDNA containing uracil within 30 minutes at 25°C is defined as one unit.

## **Inactivation Condition**

Incubation at 50°C for 5 minutes.

## **Quality Control Assays**

#### Endonuclease Activity

A 20  $\mu$ I reaction containing 200 ng of supercoiled plasmid and 1 U of HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) incubated for 4 hours at 37°C results in <10% conversion to the nicked or linearized form as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

#### Non-specific Nuclease Activity

A 20  $\mu I$  reaction containing 15 ng of double-stranded DNA fragments and 1 U of HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) incubated for 16 h at 37°C , and no degradation was detected by agarose gel electrophoresis.

#### **RNase Activity**

A 10  $\mu$ I reaction containing 500 ng of total RNA and 1 U of HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) incubated for 1 hour at 37 °C results in >90% of the substrate RNA remains intact as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

#### **Residual Host DNA**

The product was tested by TaqMan qPCR with primers specific for the *E.coli* 16S rDNA , and the results show that the *E.coli* genome residues less than 10 copies.

#### Single-strand DNA (ssDNA) Nuclease Activity

After incubating 1 U of HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) with 1 pmol of single-stranded oligonucleotide (labeled with FAM) at  $37^{\circ}$ C for 16 hours, capillary electrophoresis was performed. The analysis showed that the degradation rate was less than 5%.

## Protocol

#### 1. Prepare the following reaction mixture on ice

Reagent	Amount	Final Concentration
10× PCR Buffer for Taq (Mg <sup>2+</sup> Plus)	5 µl	1×
dUTP (10 mM) <sup>a</sup>	3 µl	0.6 mM
dCTP/ dGTP/ dATP (10 mM each)	1 µl (each)	0.2 mM
Template DNA	X ng	-
Primer 1 (10 µM)	1 µl	0.2 µM
Primer 2 (10 µM)	1 µl	0.2 µM
AbTaq DNA Polymerase (5 U/µI)	0.5 µl	0.05 U/µI
HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) $^{\scriptscriptstyle b}$	1 µl	0.02 U/µI
ddH <sub>2</sub> O	To 50 µl	-

a. The final concentration of dUTP may be adjusted between 0.2 to 0.6 mM.

b. In general, 0.1 ~ 1 U units of enzyme per 50 µl reaction is recommended.

#### 2. Reaction Program

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Step	Temperature	Time	
UDG incubation	<b>25</b> °C	10 min	
UDG inactivation& template denaturation	<b>95°</b> C	3 min	
Denaturation	<b>95°</b> C	10 s 🗲	
Annealing	<b>55~65</b> ℃	30 s	30~35 Cycle
Extension	<b>72</b> °C	30 s/kb —	
Final Extension	<b>72</b> °C	5 min	

Note: The PCR reaction program can be adjusted according to experimental requirements.

### **Notice**

HL-Uracil DNA Glycosylase (UNG, UDG) exhibits activity in most PCR or RT-PCR systems. However, for custom PCR or RT-PCR systems, it is recommended to perform an initial compatibility test to ensure its compatibility with the specific experimental setup.